





5.00 crédits	30.0 h + 30.0 h	Q1
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Enseignants	Chatelain Philippe ;Deleersnijder Eric ;Papalexandris Miltiadis ;
Langue d'enseignement	Anglais > Facilités pour suivre le cours en français
Lieu du cours	Louvain-la-Neuve
Préalables	Mécanique des fluides et transferts 1 [Imeca1321] or equivalent
Thèmes abordés	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compressible flows in ducts and nozzles</li> <li>• Incompressible flows in porous media</li> <li>• Potential flows</li> <li>• Introduction to transition, turbulence, and CFD</li> <li>• Introduction to geophysical and environmental flows</li> </ul>
Acquis d'apprentissage	<p><b>A la fin de cette unité d'enseignement, l'étudiant est capable de :</b></p> <p>In view of the LO frame of reference of the "Master Mechanical Engineering", this course contributes to the development, acquisition and evaluation of the following learning outcomes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LO1.1, LO1.2, LO1.3</li> <li>• LO2.1, LO2.4, LO2.5</li> <li>• LO3.1, LO3.2</li> <li>• LO4.1, LO4.2, LO4.3, LO4.4</li> <li>• LO5.1, LO5.2, LO5.3, LO5.4, LO5.5</li> <li>• LO6.1</li> </ul> <p><b>Specific learning outcomes of the course</b></p> <p>At the end of this learning unit, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• use the concepts and the associated equations of the simplified 1-D view, for compressible flows in ducts with friction, and in nozzles without friction, for various boundary conditions (reservoir and outlet); the acquisition and manipulations of the concept and equations being also supported by an experimental laboratory;</li> <li>• apply the theory on flows in a porous media to various cases, linear and non-linear; also decide when non-linearity must be taken into account;</li> <li>• manipulate the simple tools of 2-D potential flow theory to analyze various flows; also the flow past a circle and past an airfoil profile (obtained by transformation of a circle). Draw, using streamlines, flows with and without circulation, and exercise a critical view on the result, based on physics;</li> <li>• comprehend the basic assumption of linear stability theory, the corresponding equations, and their application to the examples presented in class. Solve the equations in simple cases (e.g., for a piecewise linear flow). Comprehend the phenomenological description of the transition to turbulence;</li> <li>• distinguish between the various scales of developed turbulence, also in terms of the energy spectrum (inertial range, dissipation range). Appreciate the impact on resolving scales in turbulent flows;</li> <li>• comprehend the Reynolds averaging approach, also for shear flow, and the simple closure models of the RANS equations;</li> <li>• use critical thinking when using a CFD software to compute a RANS solution of a case with medium geometrical complexity, also as supported by the Best Practice Guidelines (mesh quality, etc.);</li> <li>• comprehend the specific dynamics of turbulent and stratified flows in a rotating reference frame, with specific applications to environmental and geophysical problems, thus enabling the students capable of engaging with researchers, practitioners and relevant officials.</li> </ul>
Modes d'évaluation des acquis des étudiants	voir la version en anglais
Méthodes d'enseignement	voir la version en anglais
Contenu	voir la version en Anglais
Ressources en ligne	site Moodle du cours

<p>Bibliographie</p>	<p><b>Non-exhaustive list:</b>                  G.K. Batchelor, <i>An Introduction to Fluid Dynamics</i>, Cambridge University Press 1967 (reprinted paperback 1994).                  F. M. White, <i>Viscous Fluid Flow</i>, second edition, Series in Mechanical Engineering, McGraw-Hill, Inc., 1991.                  P. A. Thompson, <i>Compressible Fluid Dynamics</i>, advanced engineering series, Maple Press, 1984.                  D.J. Tritton, <i>Physical Fluid Dynamics</i>, Van Nostrand Reinhold, UK, 1985.                  P. G. Drazin, <i>Introduction to Hydrodynamic Stability</i>, Cambridge Texts in Applied Mathematics, Cambridge University Press, 2002                  P. G. Drazin and W. H. Reid, <i>Hydrodynamic Stability</i>, Cambridge University Press, 1985.                  S. B. Pope, <i>Turbulent Flows</i>, Cambridge University Press, 2000                  M. Van Dyke, <i>An Album of Fluid Motion</i>, The Parabolic Press, 1982.                  H. Burchard, <i>Applied Turbulence Modelling in Marine Waters</i>, Springer, 2002                  B. Cushman-Roisin and J.-M. Beckers, <i>Introduction to Geophysical Fluid Dynamics - Physical and Numerical Aspects</i>, Elsevier, 2011 (2nd ed.)                  H. B. Fisher et al., <i>Mixing in Inland and Coastal Waters</i>, Academic Press, 1979                  P. Kundu et al., <i>Fluid Mechanics</i>, Elsevier, 2015 (6th ed.)</p>
<p>Faculté ou entité en charge:</p>	<p>MECA</p>

Programmes / formations proposant cette unité d'enseignement (UE)				
Intitulé du programme	Sigle	Crédits	Prérequis	Acquis d'apprentissage
Master [60] en sciences physiques	PHYS2M1	5		
Master [120] : ingénieur civil mécanicien	MECA2M	5		
Master [120] : ingénieur civil électromécanicien	ELME2M	5		
Master [120] en sciences physiques	PHYS2M	5		
Master [120] : ingénieur civil en génie de l'énergie	NRGY2M	5		