Q2



Iphys2221

## Astrophysics and astroparticles

5.00 credits

30.0 h

| Teacher(s)                  | de Wasseige Gwenhaël ;  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Language :                  | English<br>> French-friendly  |  |  |  |  |
| Place of the course         | Louvain-la-Neuve  |  |  |  |  |
| Main themes                 | <ul> <li>Short overview of astronomy and its basic concepts.</li> <li>Formation and evolution of stars ; stellar collapses.</li> <li>Neutron stars, pulsars and black holes.</li> <li>Galaxies and galactic centers ; dark matter and cosmic rays.</li> <li>Binary systems and gravitational waves.</li> <li>Cosmic microwave background radiation and evolution of universe.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
| Learning outcomes           | At the end of this learning unit, the student is able to :         a.       Contribution of the teaching unit to the learning outcomes of the programme (PHYS2M and PHYS2M1)         AA1 : A1.2, A1.6         AA2 : A2.1, A2.5         AA3 : A3.1, A3.2, A3.3, A3.4         AA4 : A4.1, A4.2         AA5 : A5.1, A5.2, A5.3, A5.4         AA6 : A6.1         AA7 : A7.1, A7.3, A7.4         1       AA8 : A8.1 <b>b</b> Specific learning outcomes of the teaching unit         By the end of this teaching unit, the student will be able to :         1.       applyfundamental physics laws for modeling crucial phenomena in astrophysics ;         2.       explain and discuss the roles of both nuclear reactions and fundamental interactions in stellar evolution ;         3.       explain and discuss the specific mechanisms behind the variety of major phenomena in astrophysics ;         4.       further the study of a specific topic of modern astrophysics ;         5.       relate the contents of the course to current developments in astrophysics as well as in astroparticle physics. |  |  |  |  |
| Evaluation methods          | Individual oral exam based on scientific paper readings and discussion.   |  |  |  |  |
| Teaching methods            | Traditional lectures in class and flipped classrooms.<br>Reading portfolio for personal study.  |  |  |  |  |
| Content                     | <ul> <li>Fundamental notions of astronomy, units and variables, basic measurements ; star catalogues (spectra &amp; luminosities); Hertzsprung-Russell diagram.</li> <li>Star formation mechanisms; nuclear fusion and star evolution ; astrophysics of the Sun and solar neutrinos</li> <li>Particles and radiation in the cosmos: electromagnetic emission, particle acceleration, interaction, and propagation, dark matter detection.</li> <li>Galactic and extragalactic high-energy phenomena: interstellar medium and magnetic fields, accretion power, supernovae, neutron stars, white dwarfs, black holes, active galactic nuclei,</li> <li>Multi-messenger astronomy: first detected sources, theoretical implications, alert systems, real-time astronomy,</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
| Bibliography                | <ul> <li>D. Perkins, <i>Particle Astrophysics</i> (Oxford master series).</li> <li>M. Longair, <i>High Energy Astrophysics</i> (Cambridge University press).</li> <li>M. Spurio, <i>The Probes of Multi-Messenger Astrophysics</i> (Springer, 2020).</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
| Faculty or entity in charge | PHYS  |  |  |  |  |

| Programmes containing this learning unit (UE) |         |         |              |                   |  |  |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Program title                                 | Acronym | Credits | Prerequisite | Learning outcomes |  |  |
| Master [60] in Physics                        | PHYS2M1 | 5       |              | ٩                 |  |  |
| Master [120] in Physics                       | PHYS2M  | 5       |              | ٩                 |  |  |