UCLouvain

lbirf2104

2024

Forest ecology and health

4.00 credits 45.0 h Q2

| Teacher(s) | Bragard Claude ;Legrève Anne ;Ponette Quentin ;Vincke Caroline (coordinator) ; | | | | | |
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| Language : | French > English-friendly | | | | | |
| Place of the course | Louvain-la-Neuve | | | | | |
| Prerequisites | Sylviculture, general ecology, plant physiology, botany, soil sciences, phytopathology bases. | | | | | |
| Main themes | This course aims to provide the foundations necessary to understand how biotic and abiotic factors, in interaction, affect the functioning and health of forest ecosystems. The regulation of energy, water, nutrient and carbon flows within the soil-tree-atmosphere continuum is described, as well as extreme abiotic (heat waves, pollution, drought, etc.) or biotic (pathogens and pests) likely to disturb trees. Biotic factors are presented according to their cycles / modes of development and their symptoms. This course also provides the bases necessary to carry out the diagnostics highlighting the imbalances in the functioning of forest ecosystems. Finally, it proposes management strategies to reduce the exposure of ecosystems to risks, increase their stability and resilience and, where appropriate, propose approaches to managing health crises. | | | | | |
| Learning outcomes | At the end of this learning unit, the student is able to : | | | | | |
| | Learning Outcomes M1.1, M1.2, M1.3, M1.4, M1.5, M2.1, M2.2, M2.3, M2.4, M2.5, M3.2;, M3.4, M3.5, M3.7, M3.8, M4.1, M4.2, M4.3, M4.7, M6.2, M6.4, M6.5, M6.6, M6.7, M6.8, M7.1, M7.3. | | | | | |
| | At the end of this activity, the student is able to: - identify the different plant species, realize vegetation surveys (Braun-Blanquet method or transect) and determine the forest type and origin in relation with soil and biogeography constraints; | | | | | |
| | - analyse vegetation surveys with adequate statistics, realize a synthetic table, defend and argument its choices and vegetation types; | | | | | |
| | - integrate vegetation type and history, sylvo-agro practices, biogeography and climate to propose habitat management; | | | | | |
| | - understand the basics of site assessment; - use the range of tools available for site characterization (e.g. phytosociology, afforestation guides,) for proper management; | | | | | |
| | understand the regulation of flows (energy, light, water, nutrients, carbon) in forest ecosystems by integrating theoretical and practical examples presented in this course, in order to derive (i) the impact of forests on the environment and (ii) appropriate management options; | | | | | |
| | consider abiotic risks in forest management by controlling the underlying processes and integrating the concepts of forest multifunctionality, in order to minimize the impacts of these hazards on forests ecosystems with a long-term vision. | | | | | |
| Evaluation methods | The main evaluation is a written exam during the exam session on a theoretical development, specific or transverse. Part of the evaluation will also be done through an individual report to write on a specific subject, partly during the quadrimester and partly during the exam session. | | | | | |
| | If a student obtains a score less than or equal to 8/20 on the average either for the Ecology section (average Ponette/Vincke), or for the Forest Health section (average Bragard/Legrève), then the score of the examination becomes that rating, regardless of the degree of success of the other section. | | | | | |
| Teaching methods | The course is given in the form of lectures, accompanied by mini active learning activities (guided and summary questions, quizzes) and concrete and topical examples. External lecturers (socio-professional world, scientists) contribute to this course. | | | | | |
| | The presence of students at this course is required and attendance will be recorded in the auditorium. Course holders may, under Article 72 of the General Regulations for Studies and Examinations, propose to the jury to oppose the registration of a student who has not participated in at least 80 % of courses, in the January/June and/or September session. Note that in the event of an external guest, attendance at the course is compulsory, out of respect for the professional who travels. The only absences accepted will be those validated by a medical certificate, a case of force majeure, or a time conflict demonstrated to the holders. | | | | | |
| Content | 1. Forest health - concepts: - disturbances / hazards, risk, exposure, sensitivity, vulnerability/ stability, resistance, resilience - diebacks vs diseases: conceptual approaches (triangle of disease, Postulates of Koch, Bradford Hill, Manion) | | | | | |

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| Faculty or entity in | AGRO | | | | |
| Other infos | This course can be given in English. | | | | |
| | Larcher, W. 2003. Physiological plant ecology. Ecophysiology and stress physiology of functional groups. 4th e Springer, Berlin, 513 p. Sinclair, W.A., Lyon, H.H. 2005. Diseases of trees and shrubs. 2nd edition. Comstock Publishing Associates, Ithac USA, 616 p. | | | | |
| | Kimmins, J.P. 2004. Forest ecology. A foundation for sustainable forest management and environmental ethics forestry. 3rd edition. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, USA, 611 p. + annexes | | | | |
| | Jabiol, B., Lévy, G., Bonneau, M., Brêthes, A. 2009. Comprendre les sols pour mieux gérer les forêts. Contraint et fragilités des sols, choix des essences, précautions sylvicoles, améliorations. AgroParis Tech ENGREF, Nanc France, 624 p. | | | | |
| | Chapin III, F.S., Matson, P. A., Vitousek, P.2011. Principles of terrestrial ecosystem ecology. Springer, New Yo USA, 436 p. | | | | |
| | 774 p. Binkley, D., Fisher, R.F. 2013. Ecology and management of forest soils, 4th ed. Wiley-Blackwell, () | | | | |
| | Barnes, B.V., Zak, D.R., Denton, S.R., Spurr, S.H. 1998. Forest ecology. 4th ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, US | | | | |
| Bibliography | les supports de cours obligatoires (diapositives power point, syllabus, documents de référence) sont mis à dispositi de l'étudiant-e sur Moodle; pour en savoir plus, l'étudiant-e pourra consulter utilement les ouvrages de référence suivants: | | | | |
| Inline resources | Moodle | | | | |
| | 4.4. Examples of health crisis management and ecosystem restoration | | | | |
| | - impacts of the disappearance of a woody species (economic, social, cultural, landscape, etc.) | | | | |
| | - basic principle: reduce exposure to risk, increase stability and resilience | | | | |
| | - forest monitoring and indicators - surveillance (eg sentinel nurseries, CRAw public bodies, OWSF, etc.) 4.3. Impacts, prevention and control: | | | | |
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| | - high-risk plants, priority pests, quarantine organisms or regulated pests outside of quarantine, emergency | | | | |
| | 4.1. Belgian and European legislation related to plant health | | | | |
| | A. Monitor and manage forest health | | | | |
| | diversity of species and damage typical examples illustrating development cycles, interactions with other agents, means of control and control. | | | | |
| | 3.2. Pests (insects, mites, nematodes, etc.) - diversity of species and damage | | | | |
| | of control and control. | | | | |
| | - typical examples illustrating diagnostic methods, the parasitic cycle, epidemiology of diseases, risk factors, means | | | | |
| | - diversity of pathogens and diseases and their symptoms | | | | |
| | 3. Biotic factors affecting forest health: 3.1. Pathogens | | | | |
| | - winds 3. Riotic factors affecting forest health: | | | | |
| | - nutritional risks: deficit and excess | | | | |
| | - water supply: water deficit and hypoxia | | | | |
| | - extreme temperatures, frost and heatwave | | | | |
| | 2.2. Impact of abiotic factors on the functioning and health of forest ecosystems | | | | |
| | Cycles and interaction between cycles | | | | |
| | 2.1. Energy, water, nutrients and carbon flows in forest ecosystems | | | | |
| | 2. Abiotic factors | | | | |
| | systemic approaches | | | | |
| | - diagnostic tools and management strategies / intervention thresholds: "specific risk" oriented approaches an | | | | |

| Programmes containing this learning unit (UE) | | | | | | | |
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| Program title | Acronym | Credits | Prerequisite | Learning outcomes | | | |
| Master [120] in Forests and Natural Areas Engineering | BIRF2M | 4 | | Q. | | | |