

5.00 credits

22.5 h + 7.5 h

Q1

Teacher(s)	Génévrier Matthieu ; Urbain Xavier ;
Language :	English > French-friendly
Place of the course	Louvain-la-Neuve
Prerequisites	Having followed LPHYS1241, LPHYS1342 and LPHYS1344 is an asset.
Main themes	Light-matter interactions, coherent population transfer, cold atoms, Bose-Einstein condensate, atomic clocks, NMR and MRI, scattering theory
Learning outcomes	<p><b>At the end of this learning unit, the student is able to :</b></p> <p>a. <b>Contribution of the teaching unit to the learning outcomes of the programme (PHYS2M and PHYS2M1)</b> AA 1.1, AA 1.2, AA 1.5, AA 1.6, AA 3.1, AA 3.3, AA 5.4</p> <p>b. <b>Specific learning outcomes of the teaching unit</b> At the end of this teaching unit, the student will be able to:</p> <p>1. describe the laser-atom interaction with Hamiltonian and density matrix formalisms ; 2. describe the essential steps leading to atom trapping, cooling and condensation ; 3. determine the experimental parameters for Doppler and sub-Doppler cooling ; 4. describe the essential steps leading to nuclear magnetic resonance imaging ; 5. give a quantum definition of scattering and master the concept of cross section.</p>
Evaluation methods	Written examination, closed and open questions
Teaching methods	Lectures, video animations, numerical applications, exercises, laboratory demonstrations.
Content	Laser-atom interactions : two-state model – Rabi oscillations, adiabatic rapid passage, Bloch vector, Ramsey fringes, saturated absorption, and three-state model – optical pumping, two-photon spectroscopy, STIRAP, induced electromagnetic transparency, slow light. Cold atoms, atomic traps and Bose-Einstein condensates : Doppler and sub-Doppler cooling, magneto-optical and dipole trap, evaporative cooling, statistical mechanics of boson condensation, condensate properties, atom lasers. Applications of cold atoms to metrology : atomic clocks, atomic fountains, cold ions in Lamb-Dicke regime, quantum jumps, atomic qubits. Density matrix and Von Neumann-Liouville equation. Introduction to the principles of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) and Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) : magnetic Bloch equations, spin echoes, Fourier Transform NMR, basic MRI pulse sequences.
Bibliography	C. Foot (2005), « Atomic Physics », Oxford University Press, ISBN: 9780198506966 G. Grynberg, A. Aspect, C. Fabre, « Introduction to Quantum Optics », Cambridge University Press, 2010 C. Cohen-Tannoudji, Bernard Diu, Franck Laloë, « Mécanique quantique, tome III », CNRS Editions, EDP Sciences – Collection: Savoirs Actuels, 2017. M. Fox « Quantum Optics. An introduction », Oxford Master Series in Atomic, Optical, and Laser Physics, 2006. M. Fox « Optique quantique. Une introduction », trad. B. Piraux, De Boeck Université, 2011. P. Lambropoulos and D. Petrosyan « Fundamentals of Quantum Optics and Quantum Information », Springer, 2007. S. Haroche and J.-M. Raimond « Exploring the Quantum », Oxford, 2007. M.O. Scully & M.S. Zubairy « Quantum Optics », Cambridge University Press, 1997.
Faculty or entity in charge	PHYS

<b>Programmes containing this learning unit (UE)</b>				
Program title	Acronym	Credits	Prerequisite	Learning outcomes
Master [60] in Physics	PHYS2M1	5		
Master [120] in Physical Engineering	FYAP2M	5		
Master [120] in Physics	PHYS2M	5		